		UK LEVEL 4 JK CREDITS: 15 CREDITS: 3/0/3
(Updated Spring 2022)		
PREREQUISITES:	None	
CATALOG DESCRIPTION:	Discussion of various social institutions, such as the economy politics, family, religion, education and medicine, with emphasis or modern society. Presentation of social change in its different forms both locally and globally.	
RATIONALE:	Discussion of social institutions helps students to understand the ways in which larger societal forces and processes enable as well as constrain human behavior and people's choices. In addition, the emphasis on social change makes students realize their position in the social world. The course is relevant to many disciplines, primarily in the social sciences and the humanities.	
LEARNING OUTCOMES:	As a result of taking this course, the student shou	ıld be able to:
	 Identify the structure and interdependence institutions such as the family, religion, emedicine, politics and the economy. Demonstrate understanding of social inst context of globalization. Explain the transition from traditional to and social change at large. Identify social processes of social change collective dimension. 	ducation, itutions in the modern society
METHOD OF TEACHING AND LEARNING:	In congruence with the teaching and learning strate the following tools are used:	tegy of the college,
	 Classes consist of lectures, discussions of selected showing of video documentaries and in-class illustrat various issues. Office hours: students are encouraged to make full use office hours of their lecturer, where they can address issue ask questions pertinent to the course material. Use of a blackboard site, where instructors post lecture assignment instructions, timely announcements, as wadditional resources. 	
ASSESSMENT:	Summative:	
	First assessment: Midterm Examination (essay questions)	40
	Final assessment: Final Examination (essay questions)	60
	Formative:	
	In-class discussion sessions - formative	0

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	for the examination.	
	The first assessment tests Learning outcomes 1, 2, and 3 The final assessment tests Learning outcomes 1,2,3,4.	
	The final grade for this module will be determined by averaging all summative assessment grades, based on the predetermined weights for each assessment. If students pass the comprehensive assessment that tests all Learning Outcomes for this module and the average grade for the module is 40 or higher, students are not required to resit any failed assessments.	
INDICATIVE READING:	REQUIRED READING:	
	Ritzer, George and Wendy Wiedenhoft Murphy (2020). <i>Introduction to Sociology</i> . London: Sage (or latest edition).	
	 RECOMMENDED READING: — Alexander, Jeffrey C. and Thompson, Kenneth (2008) A Contemporary Introduction to Sociology: Culture and Society in Transition. Boulder: Paradigm Publishers. — Scott, John and Marshall, Gordon (2009) A Dictionary of Sociology. Oxford: OUP. — Ritzer, George (Ed.) (2007) The Blackwell Encyclopedia of Sociology. Oxford: Blackwell. 	
INDICATIVE MATERIAL: (e.g. audiovisual, digital material,	REQUIRED MATERIAL: N/A	
etc.)	RECOMMENDED MATERIAL: N/A	
COMMUNICATION REQUIREMENTS:	Verbal skills using academic / professional English.	
SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:	Word	
WWW RESOURCES:	www.Sociolog.com Originating from Princeton University, it has links with a wide range of topics.	
	www.bsa.org.uk: The site of the British Sociological Association.	
	www.sonic.net/~markbl/socioweb One of the most Comprehensive and accurate sociological sites on the Internet.	
INDICATIVE CONTENT:	1. An introduction to Sociology in the Global Age 1.1 The sociological Imagination 1.2 The Micro-Macro Relationship 1.3 The Agency-Structure Relationship 1.4 Globalization	
	2. The Three Tenets of Sociological Theory – Contemporary Sociological Theory 2.1 Structural-Functionalism/Functionalism	

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- 2.3 Conflict/Critical Theories
- 2.3 Symbolic-Interactionism

3. The Family

- 3.1 Family, Marriage, and Intimacy
- 3.2 Broad changes in marriage and the family
- 3.3 Alternative family forms
- 3.4 Theorizing the family: structural/functional, conflict/critical, inter-actionist theory

4. Politics

- 4.1 Politics, Power and Control: types of Government
- 4.2 Pluralism, the Power Elite
- 4.3 Global politics: the nation and the nation-state
- 4.4. Capitalism, Socialism and Communism

5. The Economy

- 5.1 Historical changes: industrial revolution, scientific management, post-Fordism
- 5.2 The Economy: Production and Consumption
- 5.3 Work and Leisure
- 5.4 Globalization and the Economy

6. Religion

- 6.1 Components of Religion, Types of religious organization.
- 6.2. Religion today
- 6.3 Theorizing Religion; structural/functional, conflict/critical, inter/actionist theory
- 6.4 Religion and Globalization

7. Education

- 7.1 Components of Education
- 7.2 Contemporary Changes in Education
- 7.3 Theorizing Education; structural/functional, conflict/critical, inter/actionist theory
- 7.4 Inequality in Education

8. The Body, Medicine, Health, and Health Care

- 8.1 The Body: Foucault
- 8.2 The Healthy Body: Lifestyle, Beauty, and Fitness
- 8.3 The Sociology of Health and Medicine
- 8.4 The Internet, Consumption of Health Care
- 8.5 Inequality in Health
- 8.6 Globalization and Health

9. Population, Urbanization and the Environment

- 9.1 Population growth and Population change: the demographic transition, migration.
- 9.2 Urbanization, Cities and Globalization
- 9.3 The Environment
- 9.4 Local and Global Environmental problems

10. Organizations, Societies, and the Global

- 10.1 Organizations: bureaucracies
- 10.2 Network Organizations / informationalism

10.3 Societies: <i>Gemeinschaft</i> and <i>Gesellschaft</i> 10.4 The Global Society
 11. Social Change, Social Movements and Collective Behavior 11.1 Social Movements 11.2 Collective behavior: crowds, riots, disasters. 11.3 Globalization and hyper-activism 11.4 The Internet